

# **Attendance Policy**

Approved by: Terry Breen Date: October 2025

Last reviewed on: October 2025

Next review due by: October 2026

#### **Aims**

This policy aims to show our commitment to meeting our obligations with regards to school attendance, including those laid out in the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on working together to improve school attendance (applies from 19 August 2024), through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, including:

- Setting high expectations for the attendance and punctuality of all pupils
- Promoting good attendance and the benefits of good attendance
- Reducing absence, including persistent and severe absence
- Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- Acting early to address patterns of absence
- Building strong relationships with families to make sure pupils have the support in place to attend school

We will also promote and support punctuality in attending lessons.

## Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on working together to improve school attendance (applies from 19 August 2024) and school attendance parental responsibility measures. The guidance is based on the following pieces of legislation, which set out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

- Part 6 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 3 of the Education Act 2002
- Part 7 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006
- The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (and 2010, 2011, 2013, and 2016 amendments)
- The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024
- The Education (Penalty Notices) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013 and the 2024 amendment
- o It also refers to:
- School census guidance
- Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools

## Roles and responsibilities

#### The Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible for:

- Setting high expectations of all school leaders, staff, pupils and parents/carers
- Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties, including:

- Making sure the school records attendance accurately in the register, and shares the required information with the DfE and local authority
- Making sure the school works effectively with local partners to help remove barriers to attendance, and keeps them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Recognising and promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's policies and ethos
- Making sure the school's attendance management processes are delivered effectively, and that consistent support is provided for pupils who need it most by prioritising staff and resources
- Making sure the school has high aspirations for all pupils, but adapts processes and support to pupils' individual needs
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data and helping school leaders focus improvement efforts on individual pupils or cohorts who need it most
- Working with school leaders to set goals or areas of focus for attendance and providing support and challenge
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school and repeatedly evaluating the effectiveness of the school's processes and improvement efforts to make sure they are meeting pupils' needs
- Where the school is struggling with attendance, working with school leaders to develop a comprehensive action plan to improve attendance
- Making sure all staff receive adequate training on attendance as part of the regular continued professional development offer, so that staff understand:
  - The importance of good attendance
  - That absence is almost always a symptom of wider issues
  - The school's legal requirements for keeping registers
  - The school's strategies and procedures for tracking, following up on and improving attendance, including working with partners and keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Making sure dedicated training is provided to staff with a specific attendance function in their role, including in interpreting and analysing attendance data

#### The headteacher is responsible for:

- o The implementation of this policy at the school
- o Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to schools and LA
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary, and/or authorising Ellease Burke, Attendance
   Officer, to be able to do so
- Working with the parents/carers of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to develop specific support approaches for attendance for pupils with SEND, including where school transport is regularly being missed, and where pupils with SEND face in-school barriers

- Communicating with the local authority when a pupil with an education, health and care (EHC)
  plan has falling attendance, or where there are barriers to attendance that relate to the pupil's
  needs
- Communicating the school's high expectations for attendance and punctuality regularly to pupils and parents/carers through all available channels
- Sharing information from the school register with the local authority, including:
  - Providing the local authority with the details of pupils who fail to attend school regularly, or who have been marked with an unauthorised absence for a continuous period of 10 school days
  - Providing the local authority with the details of pupils who the school believes will miss 15 days consecutively or cumulatively because of sickness

#### The designated senior leader responsible for attendance

The designated senior leaders – Jodie Williams and Jayne Whitehouse are responsible for:

- Leading, championing and improving attendance across the school
- Setting a clear vision for improving and maintaining good attendance
- Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes
- Having a strong grasp of absence data and oversight of absence data analysis
- o Regularly monitoring and evaluating progress in attendance
- Establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence, and making sure they are followed by all staff
- Liaising with pupils, parents/carers and external agencies, where needed
- Building close and productive relationships with parents/carers to discuss and tackle attendance issues
- o Creating intervention or reintegration plans in partnership with pupils and their parents/carers
- Delivering targeted intervention and support to pupils and families
- The designated senior leaders responsible for attendance are Jodie Williams and Jayne
   Whitehouse and can be contacted via Telephone 0121 5022645

#### The attendance officer

The school attendance officer is responsible for:

- Monitoring and analysing attendance data
- Benchmarking attendance data to identify areas of focus for improvement
- Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the designated senior leader responsible for attendance, and the headteacher
- Working with education welfare officers to tackle persistent absence
- Advising the headteacher when to issue fixed-penalty notices

The attendance officer is Ellease Burke and can be contacted via telephone - 0121 5022645

#### **Attendance Administrator**

Claire Ainge is responsible for recording attendance for both morning and afternoon sessions on a daily basis, using the correct codes (see Appendix 1).

#### School Office staff

School office staff will:

- Take calls from parents/carers and pupils about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on the school system
- Transfer calls from parents/carers and pupils to the appropriate member of staff where appropriate, in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance

#### **Parents**

Where this policy refers to a parent, it refers to the adult the school and/or local authority decides is most appropriate to work with, including:

- All natural parents, whether they are married or not
- All those who have parental responsibility for a child or young person
- o Those who have day-to-day responsibility for the child (i.e. lives with and looks after them)

Parents are expected to:

- Make sure their child attends every day on time
- Call the school to report their child's absence before 9am on the day of the absence (and each subsequent day of absence), and advise when they are expected to return
- o Provide the school with more than one emergency contact number for their child
- o Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day
- Keep to any attendance support plans that they make with the school and/or local authority
- o Seek support, where necessary, for maintaining good attendance, by contacting Ellease Burke

## **Pupils**

Pupils are expected to:

Attend every timetabled session, on time

## **Recording attendance**

#### Attendance register

We will keep an electronic attendance register and place all pupils onto this register.

We will take our attendance register at the start of the first session of each school day and once during the second session. It will mark, using the appropriate national attendance and absence codes from the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024, whether every pupil is:

- Present
- Attending an approved off-site educational activity
- Absent

Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

Any amendment to the attendance register will include:

- The original entry
- The amended entry
- The reason for the amendment
- o The date on which the amendment was made
- The name and position of the person who made the amendment

See Appendix 1 for the DfE attendance codes.

We will also record:

- Whether the absence is authorised or not
- o The nature of the activity, where a pupil is attending an approved educational activity
- o The nature of circumstances, where a pupil is unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

We will keep every entry on the attendance register for 6 years after the date on which the entry was made.

The school day starts Monday – Thursday at 9:15am and ends at 2:15pm. Friday 9:15am – 1:15pm.

Pupils must arrive in school by 9:15am on each school day. The register for the first session will be taken at 9:45am.

## Unplanned absence

The pupil's parent must notify the school of the reason for the absence on the first day of an unplanned absence by 8:30am, or as soon as practically possible, by calling the school office staff, who can be contacted via telephone – 0121 5022645

We will mark absence due to physical or mental illness as authorised, unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness.

Where there is a booked appointment, we would automatically ask for evidence. If there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the school will ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised, and parents will be notified of this in advance.

#### Planned absence

Attending a medical or dental appointment will be counted as authorised if the pupil's parent notifies the school in advance of the appointment. Parents/Carers will be required to call into Impact and inform school of the planned absence; parents will be given an email address of who to send the evidence to.

However, we encourage parents to make medical and dental appointments out of school hours where possible. Where this is not possible, the pupil should be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary.

The pupil's parent must also apply for other types of term-time absence as far in advance as possible of the requested absence.

## Lateness and punctuality

A pupil who arrives late:

- o Before the register has closed will be marked as late, using the appropriate code
- o After the register has closed will be marked as absent, using the appropriate code

## Following up unexplained absence

Where any pupil we expect to attend school does not attend, or stops attending, without reason, the school will:

- Call the pupil's parent on the morning of the first day of unexplained absence to ascertain the reason. If the school cannot reach any of the pupil's emergency contacts, the school may arrange a safe and well visit and/or contact Police
- Identify whether the absence is approved or not
- Identify the correct attendance code to use and input it as soon as the reason for absence is ascertained – this will be no later than 5 working days after the session(s) for which the pupil was absent
- Call the parent on each day that the absence continues without explanation, to make sure proper safeguarding action is taken where necessary. If absence continues, the school will consider involving our Attendance Officer
- o Where relevant, report the unexplained absence to the pupil's youth offending team officer
- o Where appropriate, offer support to the pupil and/or their parents to improve attendance
- Identify whether the pupil needs support from wider partners, as quickly as possible, and make the necessary referrals

## Reporting to parents

The school will regularly inform parents about their child's attendance and absence levels (half termly).

### **Authorised and unauthorised absence**

#### Approval for term-time absence

The headteacher will allow pupils to be absent from the school site for certain educational activities, or to attend other schools or settings.

The headteacher will only grant a **leave of absence** to a pupil during term time if the request meets the specific circumstances set out in the 2024 school attendance regulations. These circumstances are:

- o Taking part in a regulated performance, or regulated employment abroad
- Attending an interview
- Study leave
- o A temporary, time-limited part-time timetable
- Exceptional circumstances

A leave of absence is granted at the headteacher's discretion, including the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

Leave of absence will not be granted for a pupil to take part in protest activity during school hours.

As a leave of absence will only be granted in exceptional circumstances, it is unlikely a leave of absence will be granted for the purposes of a family holiday.

The school considers each application for term-time absence individually, considering the specific facts, circumstances and relevant background context behind the request.

Any request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated and, where possible, at least two weeks before the absence, and in accordance with any leave of absence request form, accessible via the school website. The headteacher may require evidence to support any request for leave of absence.

Other valid reasons for **authorised absence** include (but are not limited to):

- o Illness (including mental-health illness) and medical/dental appointments
- Religious observance where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parent(s) belong(s). If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parent's religious body to confirm whether the day is set apart
- Parent(s) travelling for occupational purposes this covers Roma, English and Welsh gypsies, Irish and Scottish travellers, showmen (fairground people) and circus people, bargees (occupational boat dwellers) and new travellers. Absence may be authorised only when a traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with the school, but it is not known whether the pupil is attending educational provision
- If the pupil is currently suspended or excluded from school (and no alternative provision has been made)

Other reasons the school may allow a pupil to be absent from the school site, which are not classified as absences, include (but are not limited to):

- Attending an offsite approved educational activity, sporting activity or visit or trip arranged by the school
- Attending another school at which the pupil is also registered (dual registration)
- Attending provision arranged by the local authority
- Attending work experience
- If there is any other unavoidable cause for the pupil not to attend school, such as disruption to travel caused by an emergency, a lack of access arrangements, or because the school premises are closed

#### **Sanctions**

Our school will make use of the full range of potential sanctions – including, but not limited to, those listed below – to tackle poor attendance. Decisions will be made on an individual, case-by-case basis.

#### **Penalty notices**

The headteacher (or someone authorised by them), local authority or the police can fine parents for the unauthorised absence of their child from school, where the child is of compulsory school age, by issuing a penalty notice.

If the school issues a penalty notice, it will check with the local authority before doing so and send it a copy of any penalty notice issued.

Before issuing a penalty notice, the school will consider the individual case, including:

- Whether the national threshold for considering a penalty notice has been met (10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a rolling period of 10 school weeks)
- Whether a penalty notice is the best available tool to improve attendance for that pupil
- Whether further support, a notice to improve or another legal intervention would be a more appropriate solution
- Whether any obligations that the school has under the Equality Act 2010 make issuing a penalty notice inappropriate

Each parent who is liable for the pupil's offence(s) can be issued with a penalty notice, but this will usually only be the parent/parents who allowed the absence.

The payment must be made directly to the local authority, regardless of who issues the notice. If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withdraw the notice.

If issued with a first penalty notice, the parent must pay £80 within 21 days, or £160 within 28 days.

If a **second** penalty notice is issued to the same parent in respect of the same pupil, the parent must pay £160 if paid within 28 days.

A **third** penalty notice cannot be issued to the same parent in respect of the same child within 3 years of the date of the issue of the first penalty notice. In a case where the national threshold is met for a third time within those 3 years, alternative action will be taken instead.

A penalty notice may also be issued where parents allow their child to be present in a public place during school hours without reasonable justification, during the first 5 days of a suspension or exclusion (where the school has notified the parents that the pupil must not be present in a public place on that day). These penalty notices are not included in the National Framework, not subject to the same considerations about support being provided, and do not count towards the limit as part of the escalation process.

In these cases, the parent must pay £60 within 21 days, or £120.

#### **Notices to improve**

If the national threshold has been met and support is appropriate, but parents do not engage with offers of support, the school may offer a notice to improve to give parents a final chance to engage with support.

Notices to improve will be issued in line with processes set out in the local code of conduct for the local authority area in which the pupil attends school.

They will include:

- o Details of the pupil's attendance record and of the offences
- The benefits of regular attendance and the duty of parents under section 7 of the Education Act
   1996
- o Details of the support provided so far
- Opportunities for further support, or to access previously provided support that was not engaged with

- A clear warning that a penalty notice may be issued if attendance doesn't improve within the improvement period, along with details of what sufficient improvement looks like, which will be decided on a case-by-case basis
- A clear timeframe of between 3 and 6 weeks for the improvement period
- The grounds on which a penalty notice may be issued before the end of the improvement period

## Strategies for promoting attendance

Attendance support plans
Home visits to encourage attendance
Reward assembly
Friday lunch incentive
Form group attendance challenge
Half Termly rewards
Headteachers attendance award
Free transport to and from school

## Supporting pupils who are absent or returning to school

#### Pupils absent due to complex barriers to attendance

Attendance support plans

Slow transition

1-1 mentoring

1-1 tutor

#### Pupils absent due to mental or physical ill health or SEND

Where a pupil has an education health and care (EHC) plan and their attendance falls, or the school becomes aware of barriers to attendance that related to the pupil's needs, the school will inform the local authority.

#### Pupils returning to school after a lengthy or unavoidable period of absence

Meeting with parent/carer and pupil to discuss returning to school

Slow transition

1 – 1 support/mentoring

## **Attendance monitoring**

#### Monitoring attendance

The school will monitor attendance and absence data (including punctuality) half-termly, termly and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil, year group and cohort level.

Specific pupil information will be shared with the DfE on request.

The school will benchmark its attendance data at whole school, year group and cohort level against local, regional, and national levels to identify areas of focus for improvement.

#### **Analysing attendance**

The school will:

- Analyse attendance and absence data regularly to identify pupils, groups or cohorts that need additional support with their attendance, and
- Identify pupils whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence
- Conduct thorough analysis of half-termly, termly, and full-year data to identify patterns and trends
- Look at historic and emerging patterns of attendance and absence, and then develop strategies to address these patterns

#### Using data to improve attendance

- Develop targeted actions to address patterns of absence (of all severities) of individual pupils, groups or cohorts that it has identified via data analysis
- Provide targeted support to the pupils it has identified whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severed absence, and their families
- Provide regular attendance reports to form tutors to facilitate discussions with pupils and families and school leaders
- Use data to monitor and evaluate the impact of any interventions put in place in order to modify them and inform future strategies
- Share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities and other partners where a pupil's absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe, including keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate

#### Reducing persistent and severe absence

Persistent absence is where a pupil misses 10% or more of school, and severe absence is where a pupil misses 50% or more of school. Reducing persistent and severe absence is central to the school's strategy for improving attendance.

#### The school will:

- o Use attendance data to find patterns and trends of persistent and severe absence
- Consider potential safeguarding issues and, where suspected or present, address them in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Hold regular meetings with the parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority) considers to be vulnerable or at risk of persistent or severe absence, or who are persistently or severely absent, to:
  - Discuss attendance and engagement at school
  - Listen, and understand barriers to attendance
  - Explain the help that is available
  - Explain the potential consequences of, and sanctions for, persistent and severe absence

- Review any existing actions or interventions
- Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance, in conjunction with the local authority, where relevant
- Consider alternative support that could be put in place to remove any barriers to attendance and re-engage these pupils. In doing so, the school will sensitively consider some of the reasons for absence
- o Implement sanctions, where necessary

#### **Monitoring arrangements**

This policy will be reviewed as guidance from the local authority and/or DfE is updated, by Jodie Williams.

## Links with other policies

This policy links to the following policies:

- Child protection and safeguarding policy
- Behaviour policy

## Appendix 1: attendance codes

The following codes are taken from the DfE's guidance on school attendance.

Code	Definition	Scenario
1	Present (am)	Pupil is present at morning registration
١	Present (pm)	Pupil is present at afternoon registration
L	Late arrival	Pupil arrives late before register has closed
Attending a place other than the school		
Attending editication provision arranged		Pupil is attending a place other than a school at which they are registered, for educational provision arranged by the local authority
V	Attending an educational visit or trip	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised or approved by the school
Р	Participating in a sporting activity	Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school
w	Attending work experience	Pupil is on an approved work experience placement
Attending any other approved educational activity		Pupil is attending a place for an approved educational activity that is not a sporting activity or work experience
I DIIAI registeren		Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
Absent – leave of absence		
C1	Participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad	Pupil is undertaking employment (paid or unpaid) during school hours, approved by the school
М	Medical/dental appointment	Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment
J1 Interview		Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment
<b>S</b> Study leave		Pupil has been granted leave of absence to study for a public examination
X Not required to be in school		Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend

C2	Part-time timetable	Pupil is not in school due to having a part-time timetable
С	Exceptional circumstances	Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances
Absent – other authorised reasons		
т	Parent travelling for occupational purposes	Pupil is a 'mobile child' who is travelling with their parent(s) who are travelling for occupational purposes
R	Religious observance	Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance
ı	Illness (not medical or dental appointment)	Pupil is unable to attend due to illness (either related to physical or mental health)
E	Suspended or excluded	Pupil has been suspended or excluded from school and no alternative provision has been made
	Absent – unable to attend school b	pecause of unavoidable cause
Q	Lack of access arrangements	Pupil is unable to attend school because the local authority has failed to make access arrangements to enable attendance at school
Y1 Transport not available		Pupil is unable to attend because school is not within walking distance of their home and the transport normally provided is not available
Y2 Widespread disruption to travel		Pupil is unable to attend because of widespread disruption to travel caused by a local, national or international emergency
<b>Y</b> 3	Part of school premises closed	Pupil is unable to attend because they cannot practicably be accommodated in the part of the premises that remains open
Y4 Vynoje school site linexhectedly closed		Every pupil absent as the school is closed unexpectedly (e.g. due to adverse weather)
<b>Y</b> 5	Criminal justice detention	Pupil is unable to attend as they are:  In police detention  Remanded to youth detention, awaiting trial or sentencing, or  Detained under a sentence of detention
Y6	Public health guidance or law	Pupil's travel to or attendance at the school would be prohibited under public health guidance or law

Y7	Any other unavoidable cause	To be used where an unavoidable cause is not covered by the other codes
Absent – unauthorised absence		
HOURSY NOT GRANTED BY THE SCHOOL		Pupil is absent for the purpose of a holiday, not approved by the school
N	Reason for absence not yet established	Reason for absence has not been established before the register closes
o	Absent in other or unknown circumstances	No reason for absence has been established, or the school isn't satisfied that the reason given would be recorded using one of the codes for authorised absence
U	Arrived in school after registration closed	Pupil has arrived late, after the register has closed but before the end of session
Administrative codes		
z	Prospective pupil not on admission register	Pupil has not joined school yet but has been registered
#	Planned whole-school closure	Whole-school closures that are known and planned in advance, including school holidays



## Attendance Plan for Alternative Providers - to be used in conjunction with existing procedures.

The Provider will contact parent by telephone by 10am to establish the reason for the absence, unless the parent has contacted the Provider directly. A telephone call should be made for every day of non-attendance where no call has been received informing of absence and reasons why. Log of calls to be made and details of telephone conversations to be recorded.



When a CYP is absent due to illness or a medical appointment, Providers should request **supporting medical evidence**. This can be an appointment card, letter, prescription, prescribed medication packs or boxes with the CYP's name printed on them. CYPs will be marked with an O code (unauthorised) until evidence is received, once received the mark will be changed to a M or I code (medical appointment or Illness)



On day two the Provider will call the parent before 8.30am to ascertain if the CYP will be attending the setting. The conversation needs to reiterate the **Parent/Learner Contract** in place and that regular attendance is required and that the CYP must be at the placement by a specified time.



The Provider will monitor and review attendance weekly and notify the AEO of any concerns.

1<sup>st</sup> Review of Intervention – If attendance drops below 89% or there have been 6 sessions of unauthorised absence within a 3-week period a **Letter of Concern** should be posted to the parent enclosing the pupils' attendance certificate.

Provider's to use the **Starting Points Resource Bank** via Revolution as a first response to support any attendance issues.





2nd Review of Intervention: - The Provider will identify when there are a further 6 sessions of unauthorised absence and a letter posted inviting parents to a meeting.

Meeting with parent and Provider with CYP and parents (providing a copy of the attendance certificate to discuss any concerns and/or barriers).

A **letter** should be posted to parents following the meeting with actions agreed and a copy of the ASP and attendance

An Early Help Assessment should be offered to the family. If the parent declines the EHA, the reason why should be recorded.

The letter should remind parents of their responsibility to ensure their child's attendance at the provision and failure to do so may result in Legal Action.

certificate.

An ASP devised with CYP/parent and updated attendance target set (review period of 4 weeks).

If the parent fails to attend the meeting, a discussion with the CYP should take place and any concerns/barriers noted.

If the provider is unsuccessful at engaging parents, or early attempts to secure improved attendance are unsuccessful the provider can request intervention from the Attendance & Engagement Officer. The Provider will need to complete the referral form, provide evidence of the letters/meeting, ASP, Student Information Sheet and Attendance Certificate.

In discussion with the AP, the AEO will decide on best course of action which may include home visits, direct work with student, joint meeting, referrals to other agencies etc.

The AEO will offer any support strategies to the family/CYP to improve attendance. This will be a 6week intervention which will be reviewed weekly with providers. After which the plan will be transitioned back to the provider.

If after attempts to engage the family by school and AEO fail, the provider may need to consider if it is appropriate to issue a 15 Day Warning Notice without delay. A Warning Notice will notify parents that they are at serious risk of a Fixed Penalty Notice if further unauthorised absence occurs within 15 school days. An early Warning Notice may help to advise parents of the serious nature of their child's unauthorised absence.





A 3rd review of intervention is undertaken if attendance has failed to improve. The updated attendance certificate is shared with the Attendance & Engagement Officer and a date agreed for a meeting. Staff and AEO to work together and agree a Parenting Contract where appropriate.



Joint Meeting with Provider, Parents and AEO (and other agencies where appropriate) where a Parenting Contract should be considered or whether escalation to EIS Legal Pathway would be more appropriate.

EHA should again be offered if appropriate and discussion with the parent around the benefits of engaging support through the **EHA** process.

Where a Parenting Contract is put in place, a new attendance target is set and review date agreed for review (up to four weeks)

The Parenting Contract should be written up and signed by parent, student, Provider and AEO.



A letter will be sent to the parent from the Provider either outlining the PC or commencing with the Legal Pathway.



If there is a lack of engagement or continued unauthorised absences the provider will consider the <u>Legal</u> <u>Pathway.</u>

A Final Warning Letter will be issued by the provider if all other attempts to engage with young person/parents to improve attendance have failed.

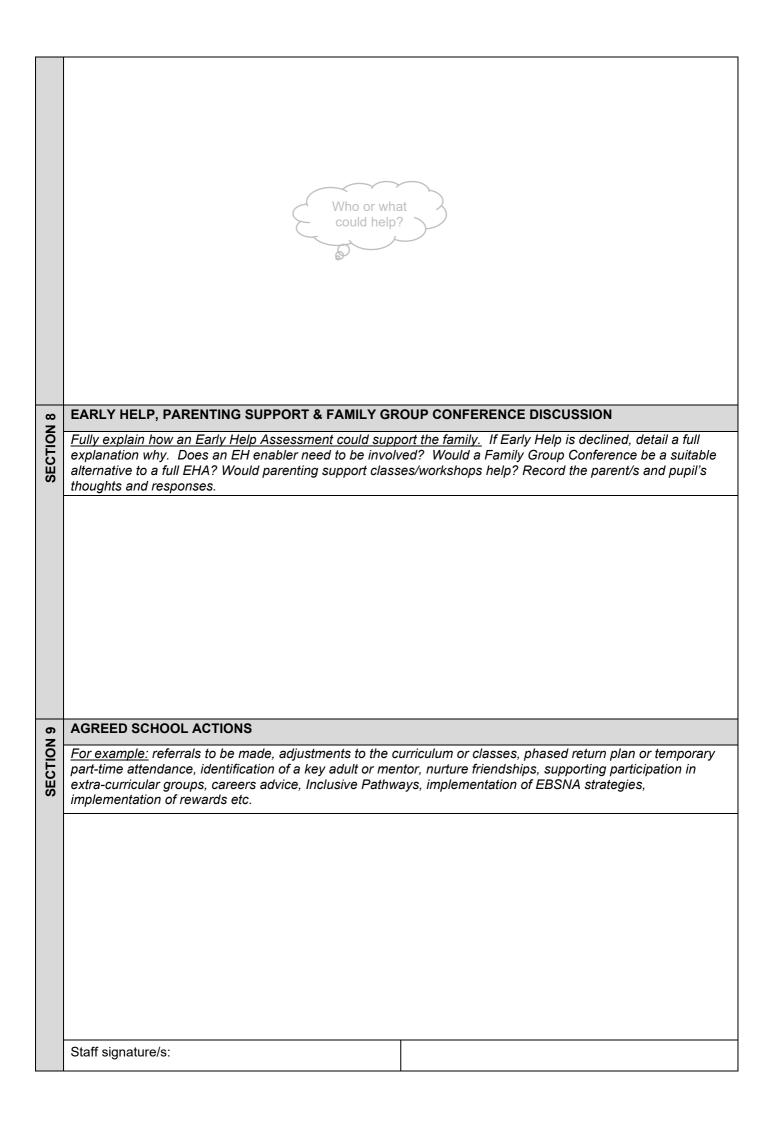




## **Attendance Support Plan**

SECTION 1	PUPIL DETAILS	
	Name:	
	Year group, Tutor/Form group etc:	
	Any other key info:	
1 2	ATTENDANCE SUPPORT MEETING	
SECTION	Date of meeting:	
SEC	Attendees:	Role:
N 3	ATTENDANCE ANALYSIS & PATTERNS	
SECTION	<u>For example:</u> current attendance %, identified patterns, lateness, summary of reasons for absence & explanations	
SE		
۱4	PUPIL ATTENDANCE TARGETS/EXPECTED OUTCO	MES OF THE PLAN
SECTION	<u>For example:</u> no unauthorised absence in following 2-we to arrive on time every day	eeks, to increase attendance to 90% by the end of term,
What is the target for the end of term / next half term to be achieved? What do we want the plan to		to be achieved? What do we want the plan to
	achieve?	

	What are the smaller, more measurable, achievable, realistic steps that need to be taken in the next 2 weeks, to show progress towards the longer-term target?
	ATTENDANCE PUSH FACTORS – influences that push the pupil towards attending
SECTION 5	<u>Strengths &amp; interests the plan could use to engage the pupil, for example:</u> positive relationships in school (staff and pupils), subject strengths, specific positive behaviours shown, rewards & praise received, extra-curricular participation, engagement with other support agencies. What is working well?
SEC	
9 7	ATTENDANCE PULL FACTORS – influences that pull the pupil away from attending
SECTION	Identify areas of difficulty that may prevent good attendance, for example: travel or housing issues, morning routine conflicts, subject specific barriers, young carer responsibilities, bereavement, bullying or friendship issues, language barriers, recurring illness or injury, SEN, anxiety, EBSNA, diet, exclusions/behaviour. When the pupil isn't in school what are they doing?
	OPOLID MINID MAD. Who worked world halvo
<b>N</b>	GROUP MIND MAP – Who or what could help?
SECTION	Share ideas about the staff, family, friends, services or organisations who could provide the support needed <b>Everyone should contribute.</b> Who could help? School nurses, Connexions, Hear4Youth, parenting classes, KOOTH, Young Minds, What centre, GP, CAMHS SPA, family members, support with transport. What could help? Key adult, counselling, better sleep routine, breakfast club, key lessons, time out card, EPS resources, school transfer or managed move.



AGREED PARENT ACTIONS	
	technology (When? How?), booking Dr's appointments, of rewards & sanctions (What will they be?), communicating enting to referrals etc.
Parent signature/s:	
AGREED OTHER PROFESSIONAL ACTIONS i.e	Social Worker, FSW, YOS
	h routines and boundaries, supporting parent to contact
services/agencies, onward referrals to specific serving.	vices, explore interests, and ideas for hobbies outside the
Professional signature/s:	
AGREED PUPIL ACTIONS	
	n time, engagement with other agencies, work with school rticipation in extra-curricular activities, speak to an identified k, attend in correct uniform etc.
,	

	Pupil signature:	
1 10	IMPLEMENTATION & REVIEW	
SECTION	Start date:	Review date:





## **Attendance Support Plan Review**

7	PUPIL DETAILS		
SECTION	Name:		
SE	Year group, Tutor/Form group etc:		
	Any other key info:		
SECTION 2	ATTENDANCE SUPPORT REVIEW	V MEETING	
	Date of meeting:		
SEC	Attendees:	Role:	
N 3	CURRENT SITUATION, PROGRESS TOWARDS AGREED ACTIONS & OUTCOMES OF THE PLAN		
SECTION	For example: Improved attendance % both at school and in lessons, reduced anxiety, improved punctuality, accessing safe space, support accessed, friendships, emotional and behavioural response to school setting, worries. Ensure you refer back to the ASP when completing this section.		
Progress made towards the End of Term / Half Term Target			
	Progress made towards the smal	ler, more measurable, achievable, realistic steps	
	Actions completed and impact		
	What is not working and why		

4 N	AGREED ACTIONS NOT STARTED OR NOT COMPLETED AND WHY		
SECTION 4	eted, no mentor assigned, staff absence, parent illness, pupil absence, etions on ASP, what actions have not been completed and why.		
SE			
2 2	NEXT STEPS		
SECTION	For example: exit process and mon	itor attendance, a further review is required, formulate new support plan with further services, request statutory assessment, consider legal intervention.	
SECTION 6	Pupil Signature:		
S	School Signature:		
	Parent / Carer Signature:		
	Professionals Signature:		
<b>Z</b>	NEXT MEETING DATE (For further review or to write a new ASP)		
SECTION 7	Date:		